



# Stratospheric Observatory For Infrared Astronomy

## TECHNICAL INFORMATION

The SOFIA observatory consists of a Boeing 747SP aircraft carrying a telescope with an effective diameter of 2.5 meters to altitudes between 12 and 14 km (39,000 to 45,000 ft). At those altitudes, SOFIA is above more than 99 percent of Earth's atmospheric water vapor. SOFIA is a joint project of NASA and the DLR (German Aerospace Center), designed to provide a world-class infrared and submillimeter-wavelength observatory for the next two decades.

### SOFIA System Characteristics

Nominal Operational Wavelength Range	0.3 to 1600 $\mu\text{m}$	Image Quality of Observatory System	Diffraction-limited at $\lambda \geq 30 \mu\text{m}$ (corresponds to 2.7 arcsec FWHM at 30 $\mu\text{m}$ )
Primary Mirror Diameter	2.7 meters	Chopper Frequencies	1 to 20 Hz for 2-point square-wave chop
Effective Aperture Diameter	2.5 meters	Pointing Stability	$\leq 0.4$ arcsec (radial rms) for sidereal targets $\leq 1.0$ arcsec (radial rms) for non-sidereal targets
Optical Configuration	Bent Cassegrain with chopping secondary mirror and flat folding tertiary	Pointing Accuracy	0.3 arcsec (radial rms) with on-axis focal plane tracking
System f-ratio	19.6	Total Telescope Emissivity*	$\leq 14.5\%$ over 8.45–8.75 $\mu\text{m}$ bandpass with dichroic tertiary
Primary Mirror f-ratio	1.28	Observatory System Polarization	$\leq 1.8\%$ across 40–300 $\mu\text{m}$
Telescope Elevation Range**	23 to 57 degrees (approx.)	Recovery Air Temperature in Cavity (Optics Temperature)	240 K
Field-of-View Diameter**	8 arcmin		
Maximum Chop Throw on Sky**	$\pm 4$ arcmin		

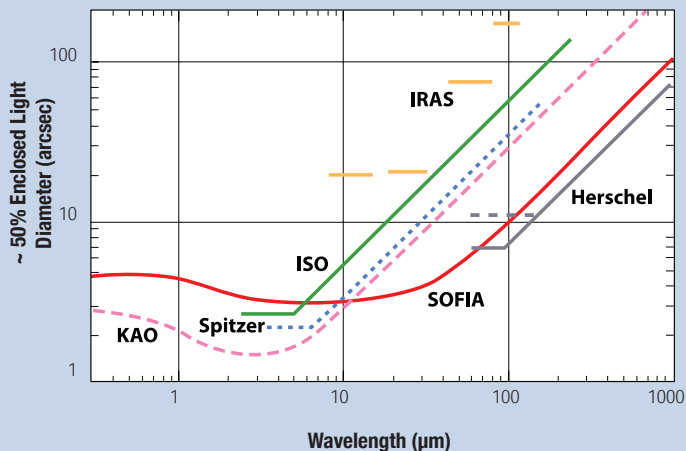
\* Estimated value \*\* Unvignetted

### Science Instruments

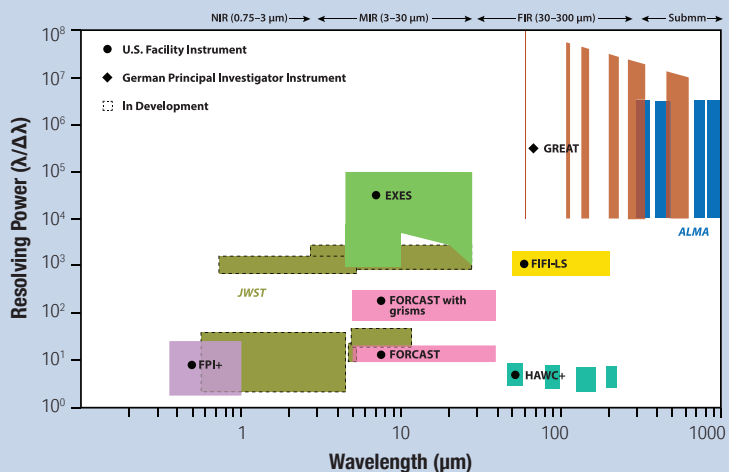
Name	Principal Investigator	Description	Wavelength Range Resolving Power $R = \lambda/\Delta\lambda$	Field of View Features
EXES	Matthew Richter, UC Davis	Mid-IR Echelle Spectrometer Facility Instrument	4.5 – 28.3 $\mu\text{m}$ $R = 1,000 - 10^5$	1" – 180" slit lengths 1024x1024 Si:As
FIFI-LS	Alfred Krabbe, DSI	Far-IR Imaging Grating Spectrometer Facility Instrument	51 – 200 $\mu\text{m}$ $R = 600 - 2,000$	30" x 30" (Blue) 60" x 60" (Red) 2x(16x25) Ge:Ga
FORCAST	Terry Herter, Cornell University	Mid-IR Camera & Grism Spectrometer Facility Instrument	5 – 40 $\mu\text{m}$ $R = 100 - 300$	3.2' x 3.2' 2x(256x256) Si:As, Si:Sb
GREAT	Jürgen Stutzki, University of Cologne	Far-IR Heterodyne Spectrometer PI Instrument	63 – 612 $\mu\text{m}$ $R = 10^6 - 10^8$	diffraction limited heterodyne receiver
HAWC+	Charles Dowell, JPL	Far-IR Bolometer Camera & Polarimeter Facility Instrument	50 – 240 $\mu\text{m}$ $\Delta\lambda = 9 - 43 \mu\text{m}$	from 1.4' x 1.7' (53 $\mu\text{m}$ ) to 4.8' x 6.1' (214 $\mu\text{m}$ ) 3x(32x40) bolometer
FPI+	Jürgen Wolf, DSI	Focal Plane Imager Facility Instrument	0.36 – 1.10 $\mu\text{m}$ $R = 0.9 - 29.0$	8.7' x 8.7' 1024x1024 CCD

# SOFIA Performance Characteristics

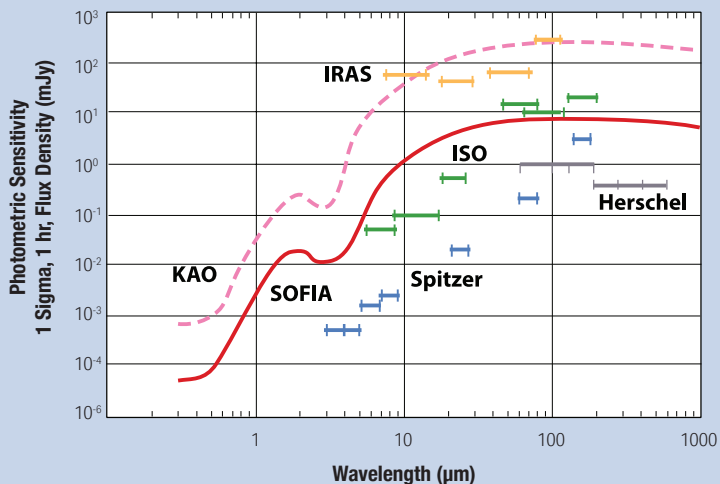
## Angular Resolution



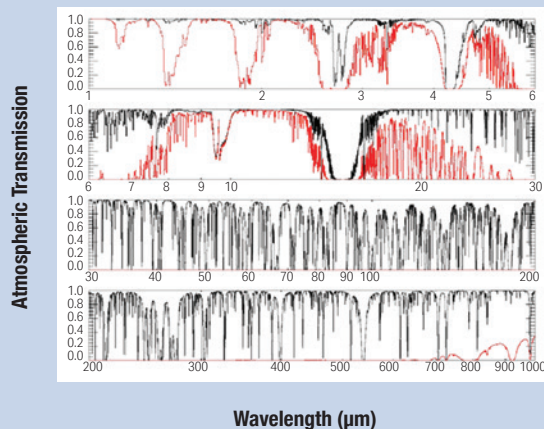
## The SOFIA Instruments



## Point Source Photometric Sensitivity



## Atmospheric Transmission



The atmospheric transmission for SOFIA (black) at an altitude of 41K feet and 7.3 μm of precipitable water vapor compared to Mauna Kea (red) at an altitude of 13.8K feet and 3.4 mm water vapor over the range of 1–1000 μm.

For more information, visit the SOFIA Science Center Website

[www.sofia.usra.edu](http://www.sofia.usra.edu)

